

Algebra 1 SOL Review Session

Day: 5 Topics: Linear Systems of Equations (A.4 d, e) and Inequalities (A.5 d), and Quadratic Equations (A.4 b)

Systems and Quadratic Equations

System of Linear Equations

- A **system** of linear equations is a **set** of two or more linear equations with the **same variables**.
- The solution to system of linear equations is usually an **ordered pair**, but it can also be **infinitely many solutions** or **no solution**.
 - If the graphs of the equations intersect, then the **point of intersection** is the solution.
 - If the equations represent the **same line**, then there are **infinitely many solutions**.
 - If the equations represent **parallel lines**, then there is **no solution**.
- You probably learned three methods to solve a system: **graphing**, **substitution**, and **elimination**.

With Desmos, we can use the graphing method to solve all systems.

Open www.desmos.com/testing/virginia/graphing and type each equation in its own field.

Find the solution to the system:

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 22 \\ -x + 4y = 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the solution to the system:

$$\begin{cases} 15x + 5y = 20 \\ y = 8 - 3x \end{cases}$$

Because we can use Desmos, you may be asked to do more than simply find the solution.

Skyler buys 8 T-shirts and 5 hats for \$220. The next day, he buys 5 T-shirts and 1 hat for \$112. How much does each T-shirt and each hat cost? Write a system of equations that can be used to solve the problem. Then solve the problem.

As a first step in solving the systems shown, Yumiko multiplies both sides of the equation $2x - 3y = 12$ by 6. By what factor should she multiply both sides of the other equation so she can add the equations and eliminate a variable?

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 6y &= 18 \\ 2x - 3y &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

System of Linear Inequalities

- A **system** of linear inequalities is a **set** of two or more linear inequalities with the **same variables**.
- The solution to system of linear inequalities is usually a **set of ordered pairs in a shaded region on a graph**, but it can also have **no solution**.
- The solution to a system of linear inequalities can only be found by **graphing**.

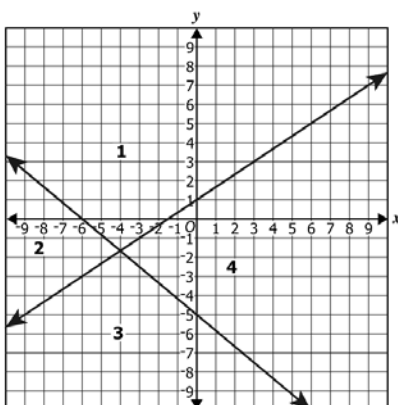
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Graph this system on Desmos and give three ordered pairs that are part of the solution set.

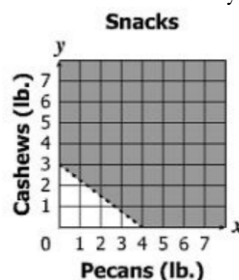
$$\begin{cases} y > \frac{1}{2}x + 1 \\ y + 3x \leq 6 \end{cases}$$

Eli began graphing the system shown. Which region on the graph must he shade to complete the graph?

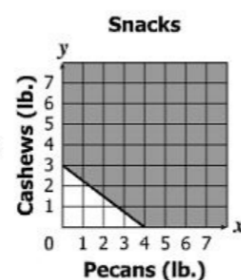
$$\begin{cases} y \geq \frac{2}{3}x + 1 \\ 5x + 6y \leq -30 \end{cases}$$



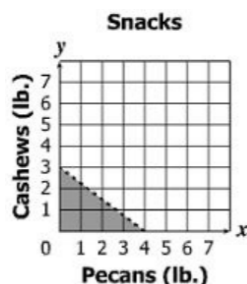
Malik can spend no more than \$24 to buy pecans and cashews. He will pay \$6 per pound for pecans and \$8 per pound for cashews. Which graph best represents the number of pounds of pecans and cashews Malik can buy?



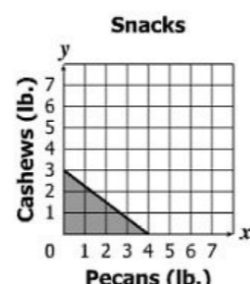
A.



B.



C.



D.

Quadratic Equations

- A **quadratic equation** usually has **two solutions**, but it could also have just **one solution** or **no solution**.
- The **graph** of a quadratic equation is a parabola. The **solutions** are the **x-intercepts**.
- To graph:** set the equation equal to zero, type the other side into Desmos.

Solve the equation. (Find the x-intercepts on the graph.)

$$2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$$

How many solutions does the equation $12x = 3x^2 + 15$ have?

What are the solutions of the equation $-5x + 2 = -3x^2$?

How many solutions does the equation $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x = -2$ have?